



HEALTH INFORMATION

Food Handlers and dermatitis

The HSE has advised that work-related dermatitis (often called eczema) is one of the main causes of ill-health for catering staff (chefs, cooks and catering assistants). The number of new cases per year is twice the average of all other industries.

How to protect against Dermatitis Use the APC approach:

Avoid

direct contact between unprotected hands and cleaning products, water and food where this is sensible and practical. For instance:

- Use a dishwasher rather than washing up by hand.
- Use tools such as tongs to handle food rather than hands.
- Use a food processor for chopping or mixing.

Protect

the skin. Avoiding contact will not always be possible so:

 Wear appropriate gloves where you can and particularly when carrying out all cleaning activities.

- Read the information on what types of gloves to wear will be supplied with the cleaning products.
- Where you wear gloves for handling food, remember your food safety training, so wash your hands before and after wearing gloves, avoid cross contamination, use single-use non-latex disposable gloves.
- Use soft, disposable paper towels for drying the skin.
- Also protect the skin by moisturising as often as possible and particularly at the end of the day – this replaces the natural oils that help keep the skin's protective barrier working properly.
- Use appropriate creams that will not contaminate food or cause cross-contamination, eg from a dispenser, hypoallergenic, and either non-tainting or free of fragrance and free of nut oil.

Check

hands regularly for the first signs of dermatitis – itchy, dry or red skin:

- When dermatitis is spotted early, it can be treated, which can stop it from getting too bad.
- Checking for dermatitis can easily be included in your daily arrangements for food safety.

